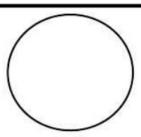
The perpendicular distance from the center of the circle to a chord is 4 inches. What is the length of the chord? What is the measure of its central angle?



Inscribed Angles in Circles

m/APB=mAB

Inscribed Angles

Vertex on Circle

LACB

measure of Angle

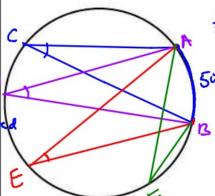
is half the intercept

arc.

Congruent Inscribed Angles

Same intercepted

AIL



1mAB= MCACB 2mCACB= mAB 50°

∠ACB=∠ADB= ∠AEB=∠AFB = \frac{1}{2}mAB

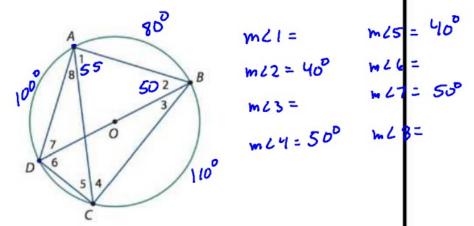
$$m\widehat{AB} = 80^{\circ}$$

$$m\widehat{RC} = 110^{\circ}$$

$$m\widehat{DC} = 70^{\circ}$$

$$m\widehat{AD} = 100^{\circ}$$

In the diagram below, \overline{BD} is a diameter of the circle with center O. Points A, B, C, and D are on the circle.



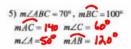
If measure of arc AB = 100°, find the measure of as many possible numbered angles as possible.

Given the two measures $m \angle 1 = 55^{\circ}$ and $m \angle 2 = 50^{\circ}$, find the measures of the four minor arcs AB, BC, CD, and DA.

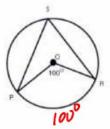
1) If $mPQ = 100^{\circ}$, $m \angle QOS = 110^{\circ}$, and $m \angle SOR = 35^{\circ}$ find:

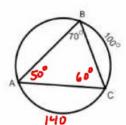
$$m\angle POQ = 108^{\circ}$$
 $mQS = 110^{\circ}$
 $mSR = 35^{\circ}$ $m\angle ROP = 115^{\circ}$
 $mRP = 115^{\circ}$ $mPQS = 210^{\circ}$
 $m\angle QOR = 145^{\circ}$ $mQSR = 145^{\circ}$
 $mSRP = 150^{\circ}$ $mRPQ = 215^{\circ}$

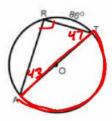




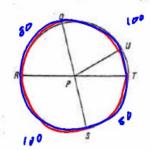
6)
$$\overline{AT}$$
 is a diameter,
 $mRT = 86^{\circ}$
 $m\angle A = 43^{\circ}$ $m\angle R = 90^{\circ}$
 $m\angle T = 417$ $mAR = 94$







For questions 3-8, use $\bigcirc P$ to find each measure. In $\bigcirc P$, m $\angle TPU = 25$, m $\angle SPT = 80$, and PT = 5. RT and QS are diameters.



For questions 11-15, use the figure below. Find each measure.

15. m∠FGE

